



EQUIPMENT SAFETY

Practice Using Equipment Safely

LEARN HOW TO USE OUTDOOR EQUIPMENT PROPERLY TO HELP KEEP FROM SPARKING A WILDFIRE:

MOWING



MOW BEFORE 10 A.M., BUT NEVER WHEN IT'S WINDY OR EXCESSIVELY DRY.



LAWN MOWERS ARE DESIGNED TO MOW LAWNS, NOT WEEDS OR DRY GRASS.



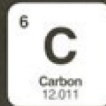
METAL BLADES STRIKING ROCKS CAN CREATE SPARKS AND START FIRES.

SPARK ARRESTERS



IN WILDLAND AREAS, SPARK ARRESTERS ARE REQUIRED ON ALL PORTABLE GASOLINE-POWERED EQUIPMENT. THIS INCLUDES TRACTORS, HARVESTERS, CHAINSAWS, WEEDEATERS AND MOWERS.

KEEP THE EXHAUST SYSTEM, SPARK ARRESTERS AND MOWER IN PROPER WORKING ORDER AND FREE OF CARBON BUILDUP.



USE THE RECOMMENDED GRADE OF FUEL AND DON'T TOP IT OFF.

EQUIPMENT USE



KEEP A SHOVEL AND A FIRE EXTINGUISHER READY TO USE.



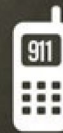
10 FT



IN WILDLAND AREAS, GRINDING AND WELDING OPERATIONS REQUIRE A PERMIT AND 10-FEET OF CLEARANCE.



DON'T DRIVE YOUR VEHICLE ONTO DRY GRASS OR BRUSH. HOT EXHAUST PIPES AND MUFFLERS CAN START FIRES THAT YOU WON'T EVEN SEE—UNTIL IT'S TOO LATE!



KEEP A CELL PHONE NEARBY AND CALL 911 IMMEDIATELY IN CASE OF FIRE.

TERRAIN



TO PROTECT WATER QUALITY, DO NOT CLEAR VEGETATION NEAR WATERWAYS TO BARE SOIL.



VEGETATION REMOVAL CAN CAUSE SOIL EROSION, ESPECIALLY ON STEEP SLOPES.



KEEP SOIL DISTURBANCE TO A MINIMUM.

ONE LESS SPARK
ONE LESS WILDFIRE

FOR MORE INFORMATION AND A PRINT-READY CAMPFIRE PERMIT VISIT:

PREVENTWILDFIRECA.ORG

#PREVENTWILDFIRE #ONELESSPARK